to understand how human body systems work together.

The systems of the body includes the circulatory, immune, skeletal, excretory, muscular, and nervous systems. It is important to note how all of these systems work together in the muscular system to make it possible for people to perform physical activities.

Muscular System - The muscular system consists of layers of muscles that cover the bones of the skeleton, extend from bones to skin and organs, and perform functions such as breathing and movement. The muscular system works hand-in-hand with the skeletal system to allow for movement.

Skeletal System - The skeletal system is composed of bones and cartilage and performs the following critical functions for the human body: supports and protects organs, allows for movement, stores calcium and phosphorus, and produces blood cells. The adult human body has 206 bones.

Organ Systems - Organ systems are groups of organs that combine into systems such as the skeletal system or muscular system. Since these systems work in groups to serve specific functions, it is important to understand how they work together.

Cardiovascular System - The cardiovascular system works to circulate blood, with the arteries carrying it to the body parts and the veins returning it to the heart. The circulatory system includes the heart, blood vessels, and blood cells.

Digestive System - The digestive system includes the mouth, esophagus, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, and rectum. It is responsible for breaking down food into nutrients that can be absorbed into the bloodstream.

Reproductive System - The reproductive system includes the male and female reproductive organs. It is responsible for the production of offspring through sexual reproduction.

Immune System - The immune system is composed of the thymus, lymph nodes, spleen, and bone marrow. It is responsible for protecting the body from invading microorganisms and foreign substances.

Excretory System - The excretory system includes the kidneys, ureters, bladder, and urethra. It is responsible for removing waste products from the body and maintaining the balance of fluids and electrolytes in the body.

Nervous System - The nervous system includes the brain, spinal cord, and peripheral nerves. It is responsible for controlling and coordinating all bodily functions and movements.

Organs in the Body - An organ is a group of cells in the body that work together to perform a certain function. Within the skeletal system, there are 206 bones: 4 major organs: bones, cartilage, ligaments, and tendons.

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The human musculoskeletal system is an organ system that gives humans the ability to move. The skeletal system provides the shape and form for the body, support and protection, allows bodily movement, and works hand-in-hand with the muscular system to control movements.

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